

1857 (Patna)

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विहार राज्य अभिलेखागार



सत्यमेव जयते

संचिका संख्या
अभिलेखागार संख्या

१६

विहार सरकार

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निपत्ति राज्य अभिलेखागार
(विहार राज्य अभिलेखागार निदरालय)

शास्त्र

कार्यवाही

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पृष्ठ

विषय:— LETTER DATED (ILLIGIBLE) FROM H. C. WAKES
MAGISTRATE OF SHAHABAD TO WILLIAM TAYLOR, COMMISSIONER
OF JATNA, GIVING THE NARRATIVE OF THE DEFENCE
AND RESCUE OF ENGLISHMEN AT ARRAH ON THE BREAK
OF THE GREAT REBELLION OF 1857

From

H. C. Wake Esq.

Majt. of Shalabah

To.

W. Taylor Esq.

Commander-in-Chief of the Palkia Division

Sir:

I have the honor to forward for the information of his honor the Lieut. Governor the following narrative of our extraordinary defense and providential escape. On the evening of Saturday July the 25th I received an express from Dinafour warning us that a disturbance was apprehended on that day but giving us no other information. On the morning July the 26th a sowar whom I had posted at Kochurah that on the same came in and reported that numbers of rebels had crossed and that more were crossing.

I found that Mr. Palin the Railway Eng^t: stationed at Kochurah had contented himself with sending over for the tools to the Arrah side the night before but when leaving had failed to destroy them as he had promised to do. The police I am informed bolted at the first alarm.

All efforts to ascertain the amount of the force of the rebels were unavailing and the police left the city on Sunday the 26th. Thinking it highly unadvisable to abandon the station when the rebels might be few and having 50 sepoys on the spot & finding the rest of the officers of the station of the same opinion and the few residents in the district who had come in to us willing to remain we on the night of Sunday the 26th went into a small bungalow previously fortified as much as possible

by Mr. Boyle the District Engineer of the Railway Com².
 Our force consisted of 1 Grenadier,
 2 Haradars & 200 Sikhs, 45 Europeans, a Bazaar and
 Cooks of Captn. Rattray's Sikh Police Battalion. Mr.
 Littledale Major. Mr. Combe Off². Collector. Mr. Walker
 Magistrate. Mr. Colvin Assistant. Dr. Halls Civil Ap²
 Surgeon. Mr. Fulcher was Dep². Engineer Agent. Mr. Anderson
 his Assistant. Mr. Boyle District Engineer to the Railway
 Company. Suptd. Engineers under Engineer Dep². Collector
 Mr. D'Costa Mysore. Mr. Godfrey School Inspector. Mr.
 Clark Off². Head Clerk of the Collectorate. Mr. Tait
 was to Mr. Boyle Dep². Engineer Mysore Railway In-
 spectors and Mr. D'Souza.

We had enough Oats & Grain for
 some days of short allowance and a good deal of
 water for ourselves but owing to the shortness of our notice
 nothing but the barest necessities could be brought in
 and the Sikhs had only a few days water; but as we
 expected the rebels to be followed up immediately we
 had not much anxiety on that score.

On Monday the 27th of July about 8
 a.m. The insurgents left the whole of the 7th 8th and
 40th R.I. arrived in the station and having first re-
 leased the prisoners rushed to the Collectorate where
 they were at once joined by the Rajahs and looted
 the treasure amounting to Rs. 85,000. This did not
 take long and they then charged our Bungalow from
 every side but being met with a steady & well directed
 fire they changed their tactics and hiding behind the
 trees with which the compound is filled and over-
 laying the out houses and Mr. Boyle's residence which was
 unfortunately within 60 yards of our fortification they
 kept up an incessant and galling fire on us during
 the whole day. They were joined by numbers of

"Koor Singh" men and the Sepoys repeatedly declared that they were acting under his express orders and after a short time he was seen on the parade and remained during the siege. Every endeavour was made by the rebels to induce the Sikhs to abandon us heavy bribes were offered to them and their own countrymen employed as mediators. They treated every offer with derision showing perfect obedience and discipline.

On the 28th 2 small cannons were brought to play upon our Bungalow one throwing 4 lbs shot and these were daily shifted to what the rebels thought to be our weakest shot, finally the largest was placed on the roof of Mr. Boyce's dwelling house, completely commanding the inside of our bungalow and the smaller behind it at a distance of 20 yards. Nothing but cowardice want of manliness and only the signs of some of our enemies above prevented our fortification being brought down about our ears.

During the entire siege which lasted 7 days every possible stratagem was practised against us. The cannons were fired as frequently as they could fire a shot with which they were at first unprovided and incessant assaults were made upon the Bungalow; not only did our Sikhs behave with perfect coolness and patience; but their untiring labor met & prevented every threatened disaster. Water began to run short a well 18 feet by 4 was dug in less than 12 hours. The rebels raised barricades on the top of the opposite house, our own soon in the same proportion; a shot struck a weak place in our defense. The place was made twice as strong as before. We began to feel the want of animal food and short allowance of grain. A tally was made at night and 4 shells brought in & finally when

we ascertained beyond a doubt that the enemy were undermining us, a countermine was quickly dug. On the 30th the troops sent to our relief from Dacca were attacked and beaten back close to the entrance of the town. On the next day the rebels returned & telling us that they had annihilated our relief force the Sikhs & the women & children (of which there were some with us) their lives & liberty if they would give up the Government officers.

August the 1st we were all offered our lives & leave to go to Calcutta if we would give up our arms.

On the 2nd the greater part of the rebels went out to meet Major Sykes Field force & on their being soundly thrashed the rest of them desulted the station and that night we went out & found their mine had reached our foundations and a canvas tube filled with gunpowder was lying handy to blow us up in which however I do not think they could have succeeded as their powder was bad and another stroke of the pick would have broken into our countermine we also brought in the one gun which they had left on the top of the opposite house. During the whole siege only one man a Sikh was severely wounded, though 2 or 3 got scratched and blows from splinters of bricks. Every boy in our garrison behaved well but I should be neglecting a duty did I omit to mention specially Mr. Boyle to whose engineering skill & untiring exertions we in a great measure owe our preservation & Mr. Colvin who rendered the most valuable assistance & who acted neither night nor day & took on himself far more than his share of every disagreeable duty. In conclusion I must earnestly beg that his honor the Lieut. Gov^t. will signify reward the whole of our gallant little detachment of Sikhs whose service & fidelity cannot be overrated. The Jemadar should at once be made a Subadar & many of the rest are fit for promotion & when required I will submit a list with details.

I have the honor to be
Yr obedt Servt
Howard W. Wall